Mathematics Curriculum – Algebra III/Trigonometry

Overview Standards for Mathematical		Mathematical	Unit Focus		Standards for Mathematical	
	Content				Practice	
<u>Unit 4</u> Statistics	S.CP.AS.CP.B	S.IC.B.4S.ID A.4	• Solve problems involving combinations and probability problems combinations.	s involving	MP.1 Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.	
Statistics, Circuits, & Voting	 S.MD.A S.MD.B S.IC.A.1 S.IC.A.2 S.IC.B.3 	 S.ID.B.5 S.ID.C.8 S.ID.C.9 F.IF.C.7 	 Solve problems using the binomial probability formula. Understand sampling techniques and the misuses of statistics. Construct frequency distributions, histograms, and stem-and-leaf Calculate the measures of central tendency of a set of data. Calculate the measures of position of a set of data. Calculate the range and standard deviation of a set of data. Understand properties of a normal distribution. Calculate a z-score and use it to determine the area under a normal Understand linear correlation and calculate its coefficient. Understand linear regression and calculate the line of best fit. Represent problems using graphs. Understand paths, circuits, and bridges. 	 MP.2 Reason abstractly and quantitatively. MP.3 Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others. MP.4 Model with mathematics. MP.5 Use appropriate tools strategically. 		
			 Solve problems involving Euler paths and circuits. Understand Hamilton paths and circuits. Use trees to represent real-life problems and solve problems invo trees. Use the plurality method, the Borda count method, the plurality v method, and the pairwise comparison method to determine the wirelection. Use tie-breaking procedures for an election. Determine if the results of an election violate the majority, the he monotonicity, or the irrelevant alternatives criteria. Solve apportionment problems using Hamilton's, Jefferson's, Weight and the problems using Hamilton's processing the problems using the problems using the problems and the problems using the problems u	MP.6 Attend to precision.MP.7 Look for and make use of structure.MP.8 Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.		
			 Adams' methods. Determine if a given apportionment demonstrates the Alabama, p new-states paradox. 			
<u>Unit 4:</u> Suggested Open Educational Resources	S.ID.B.5 Suppo School Day? S.CP.A.2 The T S.CP.B.9 Alex, Play a Game		S.IC.A.1, S.IC.B.3 Strict Parents S.ID.B.5 Support For S.IC.A.2 Block Scheduling School Day? S.IC.B.4 The Marble Jar S.ID.C.8, S.ID.C.9 C	offee and Grades		

Mathematics Curriculum – Algebra III/Trigonometry

Curriculum Unit 4	Standards		Pacing	
		Days	Unit Days	
	F.IF.C.7• Graph functions expressed symbolically and show key features of the graph, by hand in simple cases and using technology for more complicated cases.	3		
Unit 4 Modeling with Statistics	 S.CP.A Understand independence and conditional probability and use them to interpret data Use the rules of probability to compute probabilities of compound events in a uniform probability model 	7	45	
	 S.IC.A.1 Understand statistics as a process for making inferences about population parameters based on a random sample from that population. S.IC.B.3 S.IC.B.4 Decide if a specified model is consistent with results from a given data-generating process, e.g., using simulation. For example, a model says a spinning coin falls heads up with probability 0.5. Would a result of 5 tails in a row cause you to question the model? Recognize the purposes of and differences among sample surveys, experiments, and observational studies; explain how randomization relates to each. Use data from a sample survey to estimate a population mean or proportion; develop a margin of error through the use of simulation models for random sampling. 	10		
	 S.ID A.4 Use the mean and standard deviation of a data set to fit it to a normal distribution and to estimate population percentages. Recognize that there are data sets for which such a procedure is not appropriate. Use calculators, spreadsheets, and tables to estimate areas under the normal curve. Summarize categorical data for two categories in two-way frequency tables. Interpret relative frequencies in the context of the data (including joint, marginal, and conditional relative frequencies). Recognize possible associations and trends in the data. Compute (using technology) and interpret the correlation coefficient of a linear fit. Distinguish between correlation and causation. 	8		
	S.MD.A S.MD.B• Calculate expected values and use them to solve problems • Use probability to evaluate outcomes of decisions	7		
	Assessment, Re-teach and Extension	10		

Mathematics Curriculum – Algebra III/Trigonometry

Unit 4 Algebra III/Trigonometry						
School/District Formative Assessment Plan			School/District Summative Assessment Plan			
Pre-Assessment, Quizzes			Unit Benchmark	Unit Benchmark		
Exit Tickets			SAT Testing			
Daily Monitoring			ACT Testing			
District/School Tasks			District/School Primary a	and Supplementary Resour	ces and Technology	
			Integration			
NJDOE Digital Item Libra	ary		Textbook			
https://nj.digitalitemlibrary.	com/home		Khan Academy			
			https://www.khanacademy	<u>.org/</u>		
NJSLA Mathematics Evid			NJSLA Resources:			
https://docs.google.com/spr	eadsheets/d/18M5r1jk4P729f	<u> FpAlWAzrw1gE6tken233I-</u>	https://nj.mypearsonsuppor			
Yk0U712M/edit#gid=55402	<u>25491</u>			sion Educational Resource	s	
			https://www.nj.gov/educati	https://www.nj.gov/education/standards/dei/		
		Instructional Best Pra	actices and Exemplars			
1. Identifying similarities ar	nd differences		6. Cooperative learning			
2. Summarizing and note tal	king		7. Setting objectives and providing feedback			
3. Reinforcing effort and pro-	oviding recognition		8. Generating and testing hypotheses			
4. Homework and practice	0 0		9. Cues, questions, and advance organizers			
5. Nonlinguistic representat	ions		10. Manage response rate			
	Vocabulary					
Combination	Histogram	Quartiles	critical values	Hamilton path	Head-to-head criterion	
Probability distribution	Frequency polygons	Measures of dispersion	absolute value	Hamilton circuit	Straw vote	
Statistics	Stem-and-leaf display	Range	linear regression	Tree	Apportionment	
Data	Circle graph	Standard deviation	line of best fit	Spanning tree	Standard divisor	
Population	Measures of central	Rectangular distribution	graph	Majority	Standard quota	
Unbiased sample	tendency	Skewed distribution	connected	Preference table	Quota rule	
Random sample	Arithmetic mean	Gaussian distribution	disconnected	Plurality method	Modified divisor	
Systematic sample	Median	z-scores	traversable	Borda count	Modified quotas	
Cluster sample	Mode	correlation	Euler path	Runoff election	Alabama paradox	
Stratified sampling	Bimodal	regression	Euler circuit	Fairness criteria	Population paradox	
Convenience sample	Midrange	bivariate	Weighted graph	Majority criterion	New-states paradox	
Frequency distribution	Measures of position	Percentiles				

Mathematics Curriculum – Algebra III/Trigonometry

Unit 4

9.1 Personal Financial Literacy, 9.2 Career Awareness, Exploration, Preparation and Training & 9.4 Life Literacies and Key Sl	kills
---	-------

9.4.12.CI.1: Demonstrate the ability to reflect, analyze, and use creative skills and ideas (e.g., 1.1.12prof.CR3a).

9.4.12.CI.3: Investigate new challenges and opportunities for personal growth, advancement, and transition (e.g., 2.1.12.PGD.1).

9.4.12.CT.2: Explain the potential benefits of collaborating to enhance critical thinking and problem solving (e.g., 1.3E.12profCR3.a).

9.4.12.DC.6: Select information to post online that positively impacts personal image and future college and career opportunities.

9.4.12.IML.7: Develop an argument to support a claim regarding a current workplace or societal/ethical issue such as climate change (e.g., NJSLSA.W1, 7.1.AL.PRSNT.4).

9.4.12.TL.2: Generate data using formula-based calculations in a spreadsheet and draw conclusions about the data.

9.4.12.TL.3: Analyze the effectiveness of the process and quality of collaborative environments.

The implementation of the 21st Century skills and standards for students of the Winslow Township District is infused in an interdisciplinary format in a variety of curriculum areas that include, English language Arts, Mathematics, School Guidance, Social Studies, Technology, Visual and Performing Arts, Science, Physical Education and Health, and World Language. Additional opportunities to address 9.1, 9.2 & 9.4: **Philadelphia Mint** https://www.usmint.gov/learn/kids/resources/educational-standards Different ways to teach Financial Literacy. https://www.makeuseof.com/tag/10-interactive-financial-websites-teach-kids-money-management-skills/ Suggested Modifications for Special Education/504 Students with special needs: The students' needs will be addressed on an individual and grade level using a variety of modalities. Accommodations will be made for those students who need extra time to complete assignments. Support staff will be available to aid students related to IEP specifications. 504 accommodations will also be attended to by all instructional leaders. Physical expectations and modifications, alternative assessments, and scaffolding strategies will be used to support this learning. The use of Universal Design for Learning (UDL) will be considered for all students as teaching strategies are considered. □ Provide the opportunity to re-take tests □ Individual Intervention/Remediation Modify activities/assignments/projects/assessments □ Additional Support Materials □ Breakdown activities/assignments/projects/assessments into manageable units □ Guided Notes Additional time to complete activities/assignments/projects/assessments □ Graphic Organizers □ Provide an option for alternative activities/assignments/projects/assessments □ Adjust Pacing of Content □ Modify Content \Box Increase one on one time □ Modify Amount □ Peer Support □ Small Group Intervention/Remediation □ Other Modifications for Special Education:

Mathematics Curriculum – Algebra III/Trigonometry

	Suggested Modification	ns for At-Risk Students		
Formative and summative data will be used to monitor student success. At first signs of failure, student work will be reviewed to determine support. This may include parent consultation, basic skills review and differentiation strategies. With considerations to UDL, time may be a factor in overcoming developmental considerations □ Provide the opportunity to re-take tests □ Modify Content				
\Box Increase one on one time		□ Modify Content		
		□ Modify Amount		
□ Oral prompts can be given		□ Adjust Pacing of Content		
\Box Using visual demonstrations, illustration		Small Group Intervention/Remediation		
\Box Give directions/instructions verbally and	In simple written format	□ Individual Intervention/Remediation		
Peer Support		□ Additional Support Materials		
□ Modify activities/assignments/projects/a		Guided Notes		
\Box Additional time to complete activities/as	0 10	Graphic Organizers		
□ Provide an option for alternative activitie		□ Other Modifications for Students At-Risk:		
	h Language Learners	Suggested Modifications		
All WIDA Can Do Descriptors can be		Students excelling in mastery of standards will be challenged with complex, high		
https://wida.wisc.edu/teach/can-do/des		level challenges related to the topic.		
Grades 9-12 WIDA Can Do Descr	iptors:	Raise levels of intellectual demands		
\Box Listening \Box Speaking		• Require higher order thinking, communication, and leadership skills		
\Box Reading \Box Writing		• Differentiate content, process, or product according to student's readiness,		
□ Oral Language		interests, and/or learning styles		
Students will be provided with accommission	nodations and modifications that may	Provide higher level textsExpand use of open-ended, abstract questions		
include:	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••			
-	ies in mathematics studies in student's	• Critical and creative thinking activities that provide an emphasis on research		
home country		and in-depth study		
Assist with organization		 Enrichment Activities/Project-Based Learning/ Independent Study 		
Use of computerEmphasize/highlight key concepts		Additional Strategies may be located at the links:		
 Teacher Modeling 		 Gifted Programming Standards 		
Peer Modeling		 Webb's Depth of Knowledge Levels and/or Revised Bloom's Taxonomy 		
6	A Welle	 REVISED Bloom's Taxonomy Action Verbs 		
Suggested Activities				
Do Now/Warm-Up	□ Independent Practice	□ Centers	□Academic Games	
□ Whole Group	□ Guided Practice	□ Intervention/Remediation	□ Other Suggested Activities:	
□ Small Groups		□ Projects		

Mathematics Curriculum – Algebra III/Trigonometry

Unit 4

Interdisciplinary Connections

Interdisciplinary Connections: ELA

NJSLSA.R1. Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences and relevant connections from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

NJSLSA.W2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content

NJSLSA.L1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking

SL.9-10.4: Present information, findings and supporting evidence clearly, concisely and logically. The content, organization, development and style are appropriate to task, purpose and audience.

NJSLSA.L6: Acquire and use accurately a range of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases sufficient for reading, writing, speaking and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when encountering an unknown term important to comprehension or expression.

Integration of Computer Science and Design Thinking NJSLS 8

8.1.12.AP.1: Design algorithms to solve computational problems using a combination of original and existing algorithms.

8.1.12.AP.2: Create generalized computational solutions using collections instead of repeatedly using simple variables.

8.1.12.AP.8: Evaluate and refine computational artifacts to make them more usable and accessible.

8.1.12.AP.5: Decompose problems into smaller components through systematic analysis, using constructs such as procedures, modules, and/or objects.

8.1.12.DA.1: Create interactive data visualizations using software tools to help others better understand real world phenomena, including climate change.

8.1.12.DA.5: Create data visualizations from large data sets to summarize, communicate, and support different interpretations of real-world phenomena.

8.1.12.DA.6: Create and refine computational models to better represent the relationships among different elements of data collected from a phenomenon or process.

8.2.12.EC.3: Synthesize data, analyze trends, and draw conclusions regarding the effect of a technology on the individual, culture, society, and environment and share this information with the appropriate audience.